

# DECLINE OF REPUBLIC—CHARACTERS

## 146 TO 60 B.C.

### AGE OF GRACCHI TO POMPEY DEFEATS PIRATES

#### GRACCHI LAND REFORMS

<b>Scipio the Younger</b>	185–129 BC	Led the siege of Carthage during the third Punic War.
<b>Cornelia</b>	185–100 BC	Mother of the Gracchi. Highly revered Roman matron.
<b>Tiberius Gracchus</b>	163–132 BC	Promoted Land Reform and fought for people's rights. Murdered by senators.
<b>Gaius Gracchus</b>	154–121 BC	Continued reforms of his brother, but was undermined by the senate.

#### MARIUS/SULLA CIVIL WAR

<b>Metellus</b>	d. 91 BC	Commanded troops in Numidia against Jugurtha. Enemy of Marius.
<b>Marius</b>	155–86 BC	Renowned general. Modernized legions. Waged a bloody feud with party of Sulla.
<b>Cinna</b>	d. 84 BC	With Marius, raised an army, and took possession of Rome for populist Party.
<b>Sulla</b>	138–78 BC	Defeated Mithradates in Greece. Marched on Rome, defeated the party of his enemy Marius.
<b>Lucullus</b>	120–70 BC	Led Rome against Mithradates in third Mithradatic War. Known for extravagant lifestyle.
<b>Crassus</b>	110–53 BC	Very wealthy general. Fought Spartacus. Formed triumvirate with Pompey and Caesar.
<b>Pompey</b>	106–48 BC	Very renowned general. Defeated pirates. Led opposition to Caesar in civil war.

#### ENEMY CHIEFTAINS

<b>Jugurtha</b>	156–104 BC	Numidian king, flagrantly bribed senate to maintain power. Enemy of Rome.
<b>Mithridates</b>	160–104 BC	King of Pontus, enemy of Rome, raised rebellions in Greece and Asia Minor.
<b>Sertorius</b>	122–72 BC	Led rebellion against Rome in Spain; held out for 8 years.
<b>Spartacus</b>	111–71 BC	Gladiator who led a slave revolt. Held out for two years.