

AR:2– Early Republic— Q/A

Answer at least 20 of 24 questions using Study notes, Fiat Lux, Internet or ANY available resource. Students can skip up to four questions, or do all 24 for extra credit.

- 1) This was the power given to the Tribunes that allowed them to prevent the Senators from passing bad laws.
- 2) This was a name for the highest ranking men of Roman nobility who descended from the earliest families.
- 3) This was a name for Roman commoners, including small land owners, craftsmen, and other independent workers.
- 4) Two of these officers were elected on January 1st of each year. They served as the heads of the state and led armies in battle.
- 5) After he was exiled from Rome, Coriolanus persuaded the leaders of this tribe to join him in rebellion against the city.
- 6) When Aequians trapped the consul Minucius and his army in a narrow valley, the Romans appointed this man to be Dictator.
- 7) This is what the original laws of Rome were called. They were written down so they could be memorized by every schoolboy.
- 8) This officer was one of ten men selected by the Senate in 451 B.C. to write the laws of Rome.
- 9) This Roman maiden was killed by her father to prevent her falling into the hands of the evil Decemvir Appius Claudius.
- 10) This well fortified Etruscan town was finally captured by Camillus after a ten-year siege.
- 11) This general, famous for conquering the city of Veii, was called the "Second Founder of Rome."
- 12) This celebration was awarded to victorious generals upon their return to Rome from battle.

- 13)** Camillus gained the trust of the citizens of this town when he returned children who had been offered to Rome as hostages by a treacherous schoolmaster.
- 14)** After Rome's disastrous loss at this battle, a tribe of Senones Gauls, under the leader Brennus, plundered the city.
- 15)** This Gallic chieftain demanded a thousand pounds of gold from the Romans and when they complained said, "Woe to the conquered."
- 16)** This Roman consul sacrificed himself in battle after he had a vision that the commander of the winning army would die in battle.
- 17)** This Roman commander was so strict that he killed his own son when he disobeyed his orders to refrain from fighting the Latins.
- 18)** These tribes from the Apennine Mountains were ferocious enemies of Rome, and fought three wars against her between 350 and 290 B.C.
- 19)** During the Second Samnite War the Romans were trapped in a canyon after being ambushed in this battle
- 20)** This was one of the oldest and most famous roads in Italy, connecting the City of Rome to the port of Brundisium.
- 21)** This general from Epirus was summoned by the Greek cities in southern Italy to help them fight Rome.
- 22)** After his victory against the Romans, Pyrrhus noticed this about the dead Roman soldiers, which made him fear them more.
- 23)** After narrowly defeating the Romans at this battle, Pyrrhus exclaimed that "One more such victory will utterly ruin me."
- 24)** This bundle of rods tied together with an axe-head was used to symbolize the power of the Roman state.